Subject: RE: Pesticides poison 6,000 Canadians per year

From: "John Hunter" <hunterjohn@telus.net>

Date: Thu, 21 Jun 2007 17:02:15 -0700

To: "'Corrie Kost" <kost@triumf.ca>, "'Monica Craver'" <mecraver@shaw.ca>

CC: "Bill Tracey" <wrtracey@telus.net>, "Brian Platts" <bplatts@shaw.ca>, <council@dnv.org>,

<fonvca@fonvca.org>

I think the sad part of the article in the paper is that it gives no clue how or with what these kids were poisoned. Or with what exactly. It's useless info as is.

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From: Corrie Kost [mailto:kost@triumf.ca]

Sent: June 21, 2007 12:58 PM

To: Monica Craver

Cc: Bill Tracey; 'Brian Platts'; council@dnv.org; fonvca@fonvca.org; 'John Hunter'

Subject: Re: Pesticides poison 6,000 Canadians per year

Dear Monica,

Let us put things into perspective before we go on the "ban" wagon.

I refer everyone to http://www.toronto.ca/health/children/pdf/growingupsafely_manual_sec02.pdf
Note that not a single fatality has been reported in the Sun article (bolded in red) while page 1 of the above reference

had typically 9 deaths/year, 631 hospitalizations and 18,033 ER visits in Toronto alone! I specifically attach page 9 of the report which illustrates that simple home products are the culprit - not using weed killers on our lawn. To add focus on the real issue/dangers I refer the reader to the Canadian Health Network (attached as children-poisoned.pdf) article. Would council propose banning paints and certain plants? The vast majority of accidentally poisoned children were caused by careless storage of common household products (including pesticides - especially the stray type). Education, not bans, is what is needed.

Corrie Kost

Monica Craver wrote:

Pesticides poison 6,000 Canadians per year Half the victims are under six years old, according to a survey

Kelly Patterson

CanWest News Service

Thursday, June 21, 2007

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OTTAWA -- More than 6,000 Canadians -- almost half of them children -- suffer acute pesticide poisoning every year, according to the first comprehensive national survey of the issue.

<u>"The numbers are shocking,"</u> says Gideon Forman, executive director of the Canadian Association of Physicians for the Environment. "It is very worrisome that almost half of the victims were under six years old."

"This is a much bigger problem than anybody previously suspected," says David Boyd, author of the report, which was based on data from poison control centres across the country.

Boyd's report tracked only acute pesticide poisonings -- those resulting in immediate effects, such as blistering of the skin, respiratory distress, heart palpitations and vomiting.

Suspected chronic effects of pesticides, such as a higher risk of cancer, neurological diseases such as Parkinson's, birth defects and organ damage, were not taken into account in the report, which was released Wednesday by the David Suzuki Foundation.

More than 2,800 children under the age of six suffer acute pesticide poisoning in Canada every year, comprising 46.5 per cent of all recorded cases, the report found.

Quebec had the highest number of reported pesticide poisonings overall, with 2,096, followed by Ontario with 1,629, and Alberta with 1,021. Provinces with large populations of farmers had the highest per-capita incidence: 33 per 100,000 for Saskatchewan and 30 per 100,000 for Alberta.

Ontario had a reported 13 cases per 100,000.

No fatalities were reported.

Boyd says the report's findings fall below the actual incidence of poisonings, noting there are no national standards for collecting the data.

The Maritime provinces, for example, don't report how many pesticide-poisonings involve children, and Manitoba provided only partial data.

The federal Pest Management Regulatory Agency says manufacturers and some poisoning victims have, in the past, come forward voluntarily every year to report acute exposures; these typically amount to only five to 20 cases a year.

But the agency, which sets the safety rules for pesticides, recently expanded this program, making incident reports mandatory for manufacturers, says agency spokesman Jean-Pierre Lachaine.

It has received 20 to 30 reports since that rule came into effect in April, said Lachaine. So far, all have been minor incidents, he said.

And the PMRA is setting up a website for members of the public and

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health-care professionals to report poisoning incidents electronically. These reports, along with agency analyses of the data, will be posted on the web once the program starts toward the end of this year, he adds.

"That's a step forward," says Dr. Robin Walker, former chief of neonatology at the Children's Hospital of Eastern Ontario. "Canada has been lagging well behind the U.S. in this regard."

However, he adds the reporting of pesticide poisonings by health-care workers should be mandatory, not voluntary, so that cases don't fall between the cracks.

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